

# Solutions Reference Sheet

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## Definitions

### Solute

The substance that is being dissolved in a solution

### Solvent

The substance that something is being dissolved into

### Solution

The solute and solvent combined

### Solubility

The amount of solute that can be dissolved at a given temperature

### Saturated solution

Maximum amount of solute dissolved

### Unsaturated solution

Less than the maximum amount of solute dissolved

### Supersaturated solution

More than the maximum amount of solute dissolved

### Dissolve

When molecules of solute are surrounded by molecules of solvent and are pulled apart from other solute molecules

### Dissociate

When an ionic compound has its ionic bond disrupted by solvent molecules and it breaks into individual ions

### Electrolytes

Ionic solutes that dissociate into ions in a solution

### Non-electrolytes

Covalent compounds that do not dissociate into ions in a solution

### Heat of solution

The energy involved when solute dissolves/dissociates

## Equations

$$\text{Mass Percent} = \left( \frac{\text{mass of solute}}{\text{mass of solution}} \right) \times 100$$

$$\text{Parts per Million} = \left( \frac{\text{mass of solute}}{\text{mass of solution}} \right) \times 1,000,000$$

$$\text{Grams per Liter} = \left( \frac{\text{mass of solute}}{\text{volume of solution}} \right)$$

$$\text{Mole fraction of A} = X_A = \left( \frac{n_A}{n_A + n_B} \right)$$

$$\text{Molarity} = M = \left( \frac{\text{moles of solute}}{\text{Liters of solution}} \right)$$

$$\text{Dilutions} = M_1V_1 = M_2V_2$$